



CENTURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY

41 Nguyen Thi Minh Khai Str, Sai Gon Ward, Ho Chi Minh city

Website: C21.com.vn - Tax code : 0300978657

CONSOLIDATED FINACIAL STATEMENTS

QUATER 3/2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at Sep 30, 2025

	Code	Notes	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		253,206,337,722	174,642,710,150
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	VI.1	36,749,093,736	24,518,286,563
1.Cash	111		13,194,184,353	11,477,452,916
2.Cash equivalents	112		23,554,909,383	13,040,833,647
II. Short-term financial investment	120		42,689,107,928	22,216,322,032
1. Trading securities	121	VI.2a	55,989,200,000	-
2.Provision for devaluation of trading securities (*)	122		(38,110,185,000)	-
3.Held to maturity investment	123	VI.2b	24,810,092,928	22,216,322,032
III. Current accounts receivables	130		170,457,767,362	124,279,178,682
1.Short-term trade receivables	131	VI.3	378,962,044	779,650,902
2.Short-term advances to suppliers	132	VI.3	114,353,195,006	118,618,108,256
3.Intercompany receivables	133		-	-
4.Receivables according to the Progress of Construction Contract Plans	134		-	-
5.Receivables from short - term loans	135		-	-
6.Other short-term receivables	136	VI.5	62,093,089,861	11,249,668,590
7.Provision for doubtful debts (*)	137	VI.6	(6,367,479,549)	(6,368,249,066)
8.Pending asset shortages for resolution	139		-	-
IV. Inventory	140		857,379,023	981,805,677
1.Inventories	141	VI.7	857,379,023	981,805,677
2.Provision for inventory devaluation (*)	149		-	-
V. Other current assets	150		2,452,989,673	2,647,117,196
1.Short-term prepaid expenses	151	VI.12	169,317,149	213,639,215
2.Value-added tax deductible	152		680,117,911	683,893,887
3.Taxes and other receivables from the State	153		1,603,554,613	1,749,584,094
4.Government Bond Repurchase Transactions	154		-	-
5.Other Current assets	155		-	-

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at Sep 30, 2025

	Code	Notes	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
B - NON CURRENT ASSETS	200		727,147,462,496	696,324,328,123
I. Long-term receivables	210		139,264,633,545	106,671,044,685
1.Long-term receivables from customers	211	VI.3	36,166,093,916	36,166,093,916
2.Long-term prepaid to suppliers	212		-	-
3.Operation capital at sub-untis	213		-	-
4.Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	-
5.Receivables from long-term loans	215	VI.4	5,724,739,720	474,739,720
6.Other long-term receivables	216	VI.5	97,373,799,909	70,030,211,049
7.Provision for doubtful debts (*)	219		-	-
II. Fixed assets	220		39,211,705,730	43,466,864,988
1.Tangible fixed assets	221	VI.9	29,810,144,777	33,565,087,707
Cost	222		185,331,749,730	183,823,155,804
Accumulated depreciation (*)	223		(155,521,604,953)	(150,258,068,097)
2.Finance lease assets	224		-	-
Cost	225		-	-
Accumulated depreciation (*)	226		-	-
3.Intangible fixed assets	227	VI.10	9,401,560,953	9,901,777,281
Cost	228		19,815,778,679	19,815,778,679
Accumulated depreciation (*)	229		(10,414,217,726)	(9,914,001,398)
III. Investment properties	230	VI.11	4,594,444,280	4,884,439,355
Cost	231		38,102,379,801	38,102,379,801
Accumulated depreciation (*)	232		(33,507,935,521)	(33,217,940,446)
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240	VI.8	158,722,102,818	145,630,267,755
1.Construction in progress	241		155,795,601,563	143,227,675,755
2.Capital construction in progress	242		2,926,501,255	2,402,592,000
V. Long-term investment	250	VI.2c	359,806,286,116	377,581,225,762
1.Investments in subsidiaries	251		-	-
2.Investment in jointly controlled entities and associate	252		150,672,310,701	363,164,619,103
3.Investment in other units	253		227,397,500,000	27,377,500,000
4.Provision for long-term financial investments (*)	254		(18,263,524,585)	(12,960,893,341)
5.Held to maturity investment	255		-	-
VI. Other long-term assets	260		25,548,290,007	18,090,485,578
1.Long-term prepaid expenses	261	VI.12	11,921,560,802	12,319,778,051
2.Deferred tax assets	262	VI.17	5,770,707,527	5,770,707,527
3.Equipment, materials, spare parts	263		-	-
4.Other long-term assets	268		-	-
6.Goodwils	269		7,856,021,678	-
TOTAL ASSETS (270=100+200)	270		980,353,800,218	870,967,038,273

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at Sep 30, 2025

	Code	Notes	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
C.LIABILITIES	300		127,401,392,312	213,203,060,211
I.Current liabilities	310		99,798,349,962	98,081,241,337
1.Short-term trade payables	311	VI.13	5,929,151,788	5,536,002,675
2.Short-term advances from customers	312		221,486,397	352,549,620
3.Statutory obligations	313	VI.14	6,271,407,162	4,531,880,703
4.Payables to employees	314		2,290,456,030	1,903,114,911
5.Short-term accrued expenses	315	VI.15	11,457,179,065	11,454,576,187
6.Short-term Intercompany payable	316		-	-
7.Payables according to the progress of construction contracts	317		-	-
8.Short-term unearned revenues	318		14,163,578,182	14,307,684,600
9.Other short-term payables	319	VI.16	54,209,895,717	53,985,188,948
10.Short-term borrowings and financial lease	320		-	-
11.Short-term provisions	321		-	-
12.Bonus and welfare fund	322		5,255,195,621	6,010,243,693
13.Price stabilization fund	323		-	-
14.Government bond repurchase transactions	324		-	-
II.Non Current liabilities	330		27,603,042,350	115,121,818,874
1.Lond- term trade payables	331		-	-
2.Lond- term Advances from customers	332		-	-
3.Long-term accrued expenses	333		-	44,991,781
4.Intrer-company payables for operating capital received	334		-	-
5.Long-term intercompany payables	335		-	-
6.Long-term unearned revenue	336		-	-
7.Long-term provisions	337	VI.16	27,603,042,350	113,676,827,093
8.Long -term borrowings and financail lease liabilities	338		-	1,400,000,000
9.Convertible bond	339		-	-
10.Preference shares	340		-	-
11.Deferred income tax liabilitie	341		-	-
12.Provision for long-term liabilities (*)	342		-	-
13.Fund for science and technology development	343		-	-

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

As at Sep 30, 2025

	Code	Notes	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
D. OWNERS' EQUITY	400		852,952,407,906	657,763,978,062
I.Capital	410	VI.18	852,952,407,906	657,763,978,062
1.Share capital	411		193,363,710,000	193,363,710,000
Shares with voting rights	411a		193,363,710,000	193,363,710,000
Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2.Share premium	412		155,800,315,462	155,800,315,462
3.Bond conversion option	413		-	-
4.Owner's other capital	414		32,470,000,000	32,470,000,000
5.Treasury shares (*)	415		(25,666,224,588)	(25,666,224,588)
6.Difference upon asset revaluation	416		-	-
7.Foreign exchange differences	417		-	-
8.Investment and development fund	418		34,970,361,447	34,970,361,447
9.Fund for support of arrangement of enterprises	419		-	-
10.Other funds	420		-	-
11.Undistributed earnings	421		490,039,510,269	264,065,402,094
Undistributed earnings up to prior year-old	421a		479,072,040,506	273,195,991,781
Undistributed earnings up of current year	421b		10,967,469,763	(9,130,589,687)
12.Investment reserve for basic construction	422		-	-
13.Non -controlling interest	429		(28,025,264,684)	2,760,413,647
II. Budget sources and other funds	430		-	-
1.Budget sources	431		-	-
2.Fund to form fixed assets	432		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS'EQUITY (440=300+400)	440		980,353,800,218	870,967,038,273



NGUYỄN THANH VY
Preparer / Accountant



ĐO THỊ KIM OANH
GENERAL DIRECTOR
Ho Chi Minh City, Oct...30..., 2025

CENEURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT
For the fiscal year ended Sep 30, 2025

Đơn vị tính: đồng

	Code	TM	Quarter 3/2025	Quarter 3/2024	From 01/01/2025 To 30/09/2025	From 01/01/2024 To 30/09/2024
1. Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	01	VII.1	21,545,667,214	22,537,519,511	63,969,039,509	73,621,531,054
2. Revenue deductions	02	VII.2	-	100,048,926	-	100,048,926
3. Net revenue	10		21,545,667,214	22,437,470,585	63,969,039,509	73,521,482,128
4. Costs of goods and rendering of services	11	VII.3	7,812,791,713	7,950,237,410	23,629,571,753	23,704,553,574
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services	20		13,732,875,501	14,487,233,175	40,339,467,756	49,816,928,554
6. Financial income	21	VII.4	521,034,479	504,764,415	1,451,560,542	1,254,027,911
7. Finance expenses	22	VII.5	(480,203,667)	2,377,178,770	7,546,410,339	7,091,250,153
In which: Interest expenses	23		-	-	-	-
8. Gains/losses in associates, Joint-ventures	24		(143,771,349)	215,386,462	(831,562,526)	(23,156,427,164)
9. Selling expenses	25	VII.8	1,108,751,528	1,043,819,788	3,398,984,379	3,573,797,380
10. General and administrative	26	VII.8	4,447,053,771	3,794,435,348	13,833,516,493	11,305,379,890
11. Operating profit	30		9,034,536,999	7,991,950,146	16,180,554,561	5,944,101,878
12. Other income	31	VII.6	887,707,565	44,792,000	1,291,675,750	351,086,982
13. Other expenses	32	VII.7	279,893,684	536,368,371	760,446,455	1,612,348,096
14. Other profit	40		607,813,881	(491,576,371)	531,229,295	(1,261,261,114)
15. Accounting profit before tax	50		9,642,350,880	7,500,373,775	16,711,783,856	4,682,840,764
16. Current corporate income tax expense	51	VII.9	1,545,217,974	1,344,960,349	3,547,562,115	5,304,574,375
17. Deferred tax (expense) income	52		-	-	-	-
18. Net profit after tax	60	VII.10	8,097,132,906	6,155,413,426	13,164,221,741	(621,733,611)
Non-controlling shareholders	61		1,693,474,258	1,031,201,902	1,543,145,565	4,077,323,086
Equity holders of the Company	62		6,403,658,648	5,124,211,524	11,621,076,176	(4,699,056,697)
Average ordinary shares outstanding during the period			18,138,647	18,138,647	18,138,647	18,138,647
Earning per share	70	VII.11	337	271	605	(304)
Diluted earnings per share	71		337	271	605	(304)

Thanh Vy

NGUYỄN THANH VY
Preparer / Accountant



ĐỖ THỊ KIM OANH
GENERAL DIRECTOR
Ho Chi Minh City, Oct 30., 2025

CENEURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
(Under indirect method)
For the fiscal year ended Sep 30, 2025

	Code	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
1. Profit before tax	01	16,711,783,856	4,682,840,764
2. Adjustments for			
Depreciation and amortisation	02	6,053,748,259	6,997,965,987
Provisions / reversals	03	4,472,149,421	22,771,608,236
Gains/losses from foreign exchange differences upon revaluation of monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies	04	-	-
Profit from investing activities	05	(2,616,960,268)	449,161,419
Interest expenses	06	174,541,096	-
Other adjustments	07	57,907,235,112	-
3. Operating profit (loss) before changes in working capital	08	82,702,497,476	34,901,576,406
Increase (decrease) in receivables	09	(47,616,577,814)	9,797,639,142
Increase (decrease) in inventories	10	(12,921,777,005)	(435,506,473)
Increase (decrease) in payables	11	(1,019,334,086)	(4,080,882,123)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	12	442,631,515	1,460,372,432
Increase (decrease) in trading securities	13	-	-
Interest paid	14	-	-
Corporate income tax paid	15	(2,149,674,411)	(5,133,227,867)
Other receipts from operating activities	16	-	-
Other cash outflows from operating activities	17	-	-
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	20	19,437,765,675	36,509,971,517
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
1. Purchases of fixed assets	21	(80,000)	(64,000,000)
2. Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	-	-
3. Payments for loans	23	(5,350,000,000)	(7,000,000,000)
4. Collections from loans	24	2,000,000,000	8,900,000,000
5. Payments for investments in other entities	25	-	(25,500,000,000)
6. Proceeds from sale of investments in other entities	26	-	-
7. Interest and dividends received	27	2,616,960,268	439,659,841
Net cash flows used in investing activities	30	(733,119,732)	(23,224,340,159)
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
1. Proceeds from issue of shares and capital contribution	31	-	-
2. Payments for shares returns and repurchases	32	-	-
3. Proceeds from borrowings	33	-	1,400,000,000
4. Repayments of borrowings	34	-	-
5. Payments for finance lease liabilities	35	-	-
6. Dividends paid	36	(6,473,838,770)	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	40	(6,473,838,770)	1,400,000,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	50	12,230,807,173	14,685,631,358
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	60	24,518,286,563	49,615,372,703
Effect of foreign exchange differences	61	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	70	36,749,093,736	64,301,004,061

Thanh Vy

NGUYỄN THANH VY
Preparer / Accountant



ĐỖ THỊ KIM OANH
GENERAL DIRECTOR
Ho Chi Minh City, Oct. 30, 2025

This Notes to the Financial Statements is an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

I. Business Activities of the Company

- 1. Form of Ownership:** Century 21 Joint Stock Company ("Company") is a joint stock company established under business registration certificate No. 0300978657 initially issued on October 10, 1997 and and subsequently amended by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City

2. Business Scope

Real estate business, real estate services, hotel and resort operations, restaurant and catering services, and entertainment complexes....

3. Business Activities

Industrial and civil construction;
Repair and interior decoration;
Manufacturing construction materials, road and bridge construction, land leveling, and housing business (construction of houses for sale or lease);
Trading in construction materials and interior decoration goods;
Commercial services;
Exploiting and trading non-metallic minerals;
Operation of guest houses, lodges, tourism accommodations, camping sites, tourism villages, and restaurants (excluding operations in Ho Chi Minh City)
Real estate business;
Real estate services;
Transporting passengers by car;
Operation of tourist accommodations: hotels (must meet star rating standards and are not operated at the registered headquarters);
Preschool education - Primary education;
Sports and recreational education: fishing, water-based games;
Operation of care and rehabilitation facilities (excluding medical examination and treatment services);
Manufacturing building materials from clay;
Farming and Animal husbandry.
Afforestation and forest care (excluding operations at the registered headquarters).

- 4. Normal Business Cycle:** The Company's normal business cycle spans 12 months, following the standard fiscal year from January 1 to December 31

5. Business Operations:

The Company's headquarters is located at Tuoi Tre Building, No. 41 Nguyen Thi Minh Khai Street, Sài Gòn Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.

The Company primarily operates in the real estate business, including the management and commercial exploitation of Tuoi Tre Office Building (Yoco Building) at No. 41 Nguyen Thi Minh Khai Street, Sài Gòn Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, as well as lodging and tourism services

Currently, the Company is directly investing in projects such as :

- A residential project about 6.5 hectares in Phuoc Long , Ho Chi Minh city;
- A residential project about 6 ha at lot 9B7 - Saigon South Urban Area ("Camellia Garden Project"), Ho Chi Minh City
- Mũi da tourism project, Lam Dong province.

CENTURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

as at 30 September 2025 and for the year ended

Form B09-DN/HN TT202/2014

6. Corporate Structure :

+ Investments in subsidiaries

Tên công ty	Investment interest	Tỷ lệ sở hữu (%)
1. Sao Mai The Ky 21 Co., Ltd	46.710.674.378	80,00%
2. Ham Tan The Ky 21 Co., Ltd	198.100.000.000	100,00%
3. An Viet The Ky 21 Co., Ltd.	42.465.850.000	99,56%
4. Schengen Invest Joint Stock Company	382.639.500.000	60,02%
Cộng	669.916.024.378	

- Sao Mai The Ky 21 Co., Ltd:
 - Main business activities: Exploiting mineral water and mud for resort and commercial purposes.
- Ham Tan The Ky 21 Co., Ltd:
 - Main business activities: Operating restaurants, guesthouses, hotels, and other tourism-related services at Mom Da Chim resort & Spa.
- An Viet The Ky 21 Co., Ltd:
 - Main business activities: Forest management combined with agricultural production.
- Schengen Invest Joint Stock Company
 - Main business activities: Real estate business, including ownership, use, or leasing of land use rights

+ Investments in jointly entities and associate

Company	Investment interest	Ownership (%)
1. Tan Uyen Co., Ltd	15.000.000.000	41,00%
2. Nhon Trach The Ky 21 Investment Co., Ltd	800.000.000	40,00%
Total	15.800.000.000	

- Nhon Trach The Ky 21 Investment Co., Ltd
 - Main business activities: Developing an eco-tourism area.

II. Accounting period, currency used in

1. **Fiscal year:** The Company's fiscal year follows the calendar year, commencing on January 1 and ending on December 31 annually
2. **Accounting curen:** The financial statements are prepared and presented in Vietnamese Dong (VND)

III. Applied Accounting Standards and Regime

1. **The applied accounting regime:** The applied accounting regime: The Company adopts the Vietnamese Accounting System in accordance with the guidance under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, issued by the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam on December 22, 2014, along with subsequent amendments, supplements, and other relevant legal regulations
2. **Statement of Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Regime**
 The Company has prepared and presented its financial statements in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and relevant legal regulations. The financial statements fairly and honestly present the Company's financial position, business performance, and cash flows.

The selection of figures and information disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements is based on the materiality principle and follows the guidance in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 – "Presentation of Financial Statements."

IV. Applied Accounting Standards and Regime

1. Recognition Principles for Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits at banks. Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a maturity of no more than three months from the date of investment, which are easily convertible into a known amount of cash with an insignificant risk of changes in value at the reporting date.

2. Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions in currencies other than VND are translated into VND at the actual exchange rate at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as of the reporting date are revalued at the exchange rates announced by the bank at the balance sheet date. All foreign exchange differences arising during the year and from year-end revaluations are recognized in financial income or expenses for the year.

3. Accounting for Financial Investments

a) Held to maturity investment:

- Recorded at historical cost.
- Basis for determining impairment losses: assessed recoverability:

b) Loans

- Recorded at historical cost.
- Basis for making provision for doubtful debts: assessment of uncollectible receivables

c) Investments in Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, and Associates

- Subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates are determined based on the ownership percentage
- Investments in these entities are recorded at historical cost
- Basis for recognizing impairment losses: financial statements of subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates

d) Investments in Equity Instruments of Other Entities:

- Recorded at historical cost.
- Basis for recognizing impairment losses: financial statements of the invested entities

4. Accounting for Receivables

- Receivables are presented in the financial statements at their carrying amounts, which include trade receivables and other receivables, net of provisions for doubtful debts
- The provision for doubtful debts represents the portion of receivables that the Company expects to be uncollectible at the reporting date. Any increase or decrease in the provision balance is recorded as an expense in the administrative expenses section of the income statement

5. Principles of accounting for inventories:

Principles of Inventory Recognition

Inventory is recognized at cost (-) net of provision for devaluation and provision for obsolete or impaired inventor

Determination of Inventory Cost:

- Real estate inventory as land use rights: Includes purchase costs and other directly related expenses incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and condition
- Work-in-progress costs of projects: Includes infrastructure investment costs, land clearance and compensation costs, and land use rights costs incurred during project implementation

Provision for Inventory Devaluation

A provision for inventory devaluation is recognized when the net realizable value of inventory is lower than its cost. Net realizable value is determined as the estimated selling price minus the estimated costs of completion and the estimated selling expenses. The amount of inventory devaluation provision is the difference between the cost of inventory and its lower net realizable value. This provision is established for each inventory item where the cost exceeds the net realizable value.

6. Principles of Recognition and Depreciation of Fixed Assets, Finance Leases, and Investment Properties

a) Accounting Principles for Tangible and Intangible Fixed Assets

- Tangible and intangible fixed assets are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation
- The historical cost of fixed assets includes the purchase price and directly attributable costs necessary to bring the asset into use.
- Expenditures on acquisitions, upgrades, and improvements of fixed assets are capitalized as an increase in the historical cost of the asset, whereas maintenance and repair costs are recorded as expenses in the current year.
- When an asset is sold or disposed of, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any resulting gains or losses from disposal are recognized in the business results.
- Fixed asset depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life as follows:

Tangible Fixed Assets

Machinery & Equipment	2 – 7 years
Vehicles	3-8 years
Management Tools	3 – 6 years
Perennial Plantations	10 - 15 years
Other Fixed Assets	5 - 18 years

Intangible Assets:

Compensation and Site Clearance Costs	20 – 23 years
Costs for Mining Permit Application	Based on the licensed exploitation period
Mineral Water Mining Rights	16 years
Accounting Software	3 years
Land Use Rights with Definite Term	Based on the term stated in the Land Use Right Certificate
Land Use Rights with Indefinite Term	Not subject to amortization

b) Accounting Principles for Investment Properties

- **Recognition Principle:** Investment properties are recorded at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of investment properties includes all cash or cash-equivalent expenditures incurred or the fair value of exchanged assets to acquire the investment property up to the point of purchase or completion of construction
- **Cost of Acquired Investment Properties:** Includes the purchase price and directly related costs, such as legal advisory service fees, registration taxes, and other related expenses
- **Subsequent Expenditures:** Costs incurred after initial recognition of investment properties are recognized as expenses in the period incurred unless these costs are expected to generate additional future economic benefits beyond the initially assessed level, in which case they are capitalized as an increase in the historical cost of the investment property.
- **Disposal of Investment Properties:** When an investment property is sold, its historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any resulting gains or losses are recognized in the income statement for the period.

- **Depreciation Method:** Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful life.

- **Estimated Useful Life of Investment Properties :**

Buildings & Structures	6 – 25 years
Land Use Rights (long-term, stable)	Not depreciated

7. Business Cooperation Contracts

The Company is engaged in the business operation of the Tuổi Trẻ Office Building (Yoco Building) located at 41 Nguyễn Thị Minh Khai, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City. This building was jointly invested in and developed by the Company and Tuổi Trẻ Newspaper, under the Company's management and operation, with each party contributing 50% of the capital

The Company also cooperates with Nam Long Investment Corporation in the Camellia residential project, with respective capital contributions of 40% and 60%. As per the agreement, this project is under the Company's control and management, and after-tax profits will be distributed based on the capital contribution ratios.

Accounting Treatment for Business Cooperation Contracts under the Company's Control and Management :

- Capital contributions received from partners are recorded under "Other Long-term Payables" in the Balance Sheet. If the capital contribution is due for repayment within the next 12 months, it is classified as "Other Short-term Payables."
- All revenue and expenses related to the business cooperation activities are recognized in the Company's Income Statement.
- Profit shares allocated to partners under these contracts are recorded as a Financial Expense in the Company's Income Statement

8. Appropriation of Funds

As stipulated in the Company's Charter, post-tax profits are allocated to various funds, including the Reward and Welfare Fund, which is appropriated at a rate of 5% of net profit.

9. Principles of Deferred Corporate Income Tax Accounting

a) Principles for Accounting for Deferred Tax Assets

- The carrying amount of deferred corporate income tax assets is reviewed at the end of the financial year. It must be reduced to the extent that sufficient taxable profit is not expected to be available to allow the realization of part or all of the deferred tax assets. Previously unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of the financial reporting period and recognized if there is sufficient taxable profit to utilize these deferred tax assets.
- Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are determined based on the tax rates expected to apply in the period when the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, using the tax rates and tax laws in effect at the end of the financial year
- The Company offsets deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities only when the taxable entities have a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the corporate income tax of the same taxable entity and are administered by the same tax authority.

b) Principles for Accounting for Deferred Tax Liabilities

- Deferred corporate income tax is determined for temporary differences at the financial year-end between the taxable base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements
- Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, tax loss carryforwards, and unused tax incentives when it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available in the future to utilize these deductible temporary differences, tax losses, and unused tax incentives

- Deferred corporate income tax is recognized in the income statement unless it relates to an item recorded directly in equity, in which case, the deferred tax is also recognized directly in equity.

10. Principles of Prepaid Expense Accounting

- Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual expenses incurred that relate to the business performance of multiple accounting periods
- **Method of Amortization:** Prepaid expenses are allocated to operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the relevant periods. The allocation period is determined based on the nature and extent of each type of expense:
 - o **Short-term prepaid expenses:** Amortized within 12 months.
 - o **Long-term prepaid expenses:** Amortized over a period from 12 to 36 months

11. Principles of Accounting for Liabilities

- Liabilities are recognized at their original cost and not lower than the obligation to be settled.
- The Company classifies liabilities into accounts payable to suppliers, internal payables, and other payables based on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the Company and the creditor
- Liabilities are tracked in detail based on payment terms, creditors, and other relevant factors as required for the Company's management
- At the financial reporting date, the Company recognizes a payable immediately when there is sufficient evidence indicating that a loss is likely to occur, in accordance with the principle of prudence.

12. Principles of Accrued Expense Recognition

Accrued expenses include project costs incurred during the reporting period but not yet paid. These expenses are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable according to contracts and agreements

13. Principles of Equity Recognition

- **Owner's contributed capital** is recorded based on the actual contributed amount
- **Share premium** is recorded as the difference between the issuance price and the par value of issued shares
- **Profit distribution and dividend policy** are determined in accordance with the resolutions approved at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (AGM)

14. Principles and Methods for Revenue and Other Income Recognition

- **Principles and Methods for Recognizing Service Revenue**
 - + Revenue from service transactions is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be reliably estimated. If the service transaction spans multiple periods, revenue is recognized based on the portion of work completed as of the balance sheet date.
 - + Service revenue is recognized when all four (4) of the following conditions are met:
 1. Revenue is reasonably certain. If a contract allows the buyer to return the purchased service under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those conditions no longer exist and the buyer is no longer entitled to return the service.
 2. The Company has received or will receive economic benefits from the service transaction.
 3. The portion of work completed as of the balance sheet date can be determined.
 4. The costs incurred and the costs required to complete the service transaction can be measured reliably.
 - + If the contract outcome cannot be reliably determined, revenue is recognized only to the extent that the recognized costs are recoverable.

- **Principles and Methods for Recognizing Financial Revenue**

- + Financial revenue includes interest income, dividends, profit-sharing, and other financial activities.
- + **Interest income** is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate for each period.
- + **Dividends and profit-sharing** are recognized when the shareholder has the right to receive dividends, or the capital-contributing party has the right to receive profit distribution.
- + If a previously recognized revenue amount becomes uncollectible or uncertain, the uncollectible portion must be recorded as an expense in the current period rather than as a reduction of revenue.

15. Principles of Cost of Goods Sold (COGS) Accounting

- COGS reflects the cost value of products, goods, services, and investment properties sold during the period, as well as related costs of real estate business activities and other expenses recognized as COGS or as a reduction of COGS in the reporting period.
- COGS is recognized at the time of the transaction or when there is a reasonably certain likelihood of incurring the cost in the future, regardless of whether payment has been made.
- COGS and revenue are recognized simultaneously, following the matching principle.
- Any abnormal cost overruns beyond normal consumption levels are immediately recognized as COGS under the principle of prudence

16. Principles of Financial Expense Accounting

- Financial expenses include: Profit-sharing expenses in joint ventures; provision for impairment of financial investments, other financial expenses.
- Financial expenses are recognized based on the actual incurred amount in the period and when they can be reliably determined with sufficient supporting evidence

17. Principles and Methods of Recognizing Current and Deferred Income Tax Expenses

- Current and Deferred Income Tax Expenses are determined based on taxable income and the applicable corporate income tax rate for the current year
- Deferred Income Tax Expenses are determined based on deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences, and the applicable corporate income tax rate
- No offsetting is made between current Deferred Income Tax Expenses expenses and deferred Deferred Income Tax Expenses expenses.

18. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is the profit after corporate income tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company (after adjustments for the allocation to the bonus and welfare fund), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period

Diluted earnings per share takes into account the impact of potential future instruments that could be converted into shares, thereby diluting the share value. It is calculated by taking the profit after corporate income tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company (after adjustments for the allocation to the bonus and welfare fund) and other adjustments (if any), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the number of additional ordinary shares expected to be issued.

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19. Segment Reporting

A segment is a separately identifiable component of the Company and its subsidiaries that engages in providing related products or services (business segment) or supplying products or services within a specific economic environment (geographical segment), where each segment is subject to risks and derives returns that are different from those of other segments.

The primary segment reporting format of the Company and its subsidiaries is based on business segments.

V. Other Information:

VI. Additional Information on Items Presented in the Balance Sheet

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Cash on hand	2.626.723.090	91.410.911
Demand deposits at banks	10.567.461.263	11.386.042.005
Term deposits at banks with a maturity of no more than 3 months	23.554.909.383	13.040.833.647
	36.749.093.736	24.518.286.563

Details of Cash and Cash Equivalents by Currency:

	30/09/2025		01/01/2025	
	Currency	Equivalent in VND	Currency	Equivalent in VND
VND	36.749.093.736	36.749.093.736	24.518.286.563	24.518.286.563
USD				
		36.749.093.736		24.518.286.563

2. Financial Investments

(a) Trading Securities

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Trading Securities	55.989.200.000	-
	55.989.200.000	
Provision:		
Trading Securities	(38.110.185.000)	
	(38.110.185.000)	
	17.879.015.000	

(b) Held-to-Maturity Investments

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Short-term		
Term deposits at banks	24.810.092.928	22.216.322.032
	24.810.092.928	22.216.322.032

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(c) Financial Investments and Equity Contributions to Other Entities

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Investment in joint ventures	150.672.310.701	363.164.619.103
Investment in other entities	227.397.500.000	27.377.500.000
	378.069.810.701	390.542.119.103
Provision:		
Other Long-term Investments	(18.263.524.585)	(12.960.893.341)
	(18.263.524.585)	(12.960.893.341)
	359.806.286.116	377.581.225.762

3. Trade Receivables

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Short-term		
Receivables from office rental	231.343.244	592.326.102
Receivables from hot mineral bath services	140.079.800	179.785.800
Receivables from room and restaurant services		
Receivables from agricultural product sales	7.539.000	7.539.000
	378.962.044	779.650.902
Long-term		
Receivables from customers of the Camellia Garden project	36.166.093.916	36.166.093.916
	36.166.093.916	36.166.093.916
Prepayments to Suppliers		
Labor Union of Tuoi Tre Newspaper (*)	-	4.000.000.000
Land deposit in Binh Thanh District	112.800.000.000	112.800.000.000
Other prepayments	1.553.195.006	1.818.108.256
	114.353.195.006	118.618.108.256

(*) Advance payment to the Labor Union of Tuoi Tre Newspaper for the transfer of land use rights in Thu Duc City, Ho Chi Minh City, for project development purposes

4. Loans Receivable

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Long-term		
- Minh Tran Agricultural Science JSC (a)	4.074.739.720	474.739.720
- Dao Ngoc The Ky 21 Co., Ltd	1.650.000.000	
	5.724.739.720	474.739.720

Long-term Loans, including:

(a) This loan was granted under Loan Agreement No. 24/2/2020/TT-C21 dated December 2, 2020, with a supplementary appendix dated December 1, 2021. The loan term is 36 months, with a maximum loan amount of VND 1 billion

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5. Other Receivables

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Short-term Receivables		
Employee receivables	261.430.000	261.430.000
Advance Receivables	6.096.288.285	6.055.107.324
Mr Đỗ Đình Dũng (a)	664.941.000	664.941.000
Other receivables	55.070.430.576	4.268.190.266
	62.093.089.861	11.249.668.590
Long-term Receivables		
Environmental Restoration Deposit	541.694.909	493.776.049
Investment cooperation with Mr. Lâm Sơn Hoàng (b)	829.080.000	829.080.000
Investment Cooperation Receivables – Nhon Trạch Project (c)	68.688.855.000	68.688.855.000
Deposit Receivables (d)	26.460.000.000	
Long-term Deposits	18.500.000	18.500.000
Other receivables	835.400.000	
	97.373.799.909	70.030.211.049

(a) This is the receivable from Mr. Dũng related to the compensation for the loss of forest resource value at An Việt Thế Kỷ 21 Company.

(b) This represents an entrusted investment and cooperation agreement with Mr. Lâm Sơn Hoàng for land development to implement a garden house and eco-tourism project in Nhon Trạch District.

(c) This represents an investment cooperation to develop land and projects in Nhon Trạch.

(d) This is the deposit for leasing land at Long Hậu Industrial Park

6. Overdue Receivables and Provision for Doubtful Debts

	30/09/2025		01/01/2025	
	Overdue balance VND	Provision made VND	Overdue balance VND	Provision made VND
Short-term	6.367.479.549	(6.367.479.549)	6.368.249.066	(6.368.249.066)
- Trade Receivables	226.909.274	(226.909.274)	227.678.791	(227.678.791)
- Prepayments to suppliers	410.241.044	(410.241.044)	410.241.044	(410.241.044)
- Other receivables	4.700.000.000	(4.700.000.000)	4.700.000.000	(4.700.000.000)
- Advance Receivables:	1.030.329.231	(1.030.329.231)	1.030.329.231	(1.030.329.231)
Long-term	-	-	-	-
- Loans receivable	-	-	-	-
- Other receivables	-	-	-	-
	6.367.479.549	(6.367.479.549)	6.368.249.066	(6.368.249.066)

Movements in Provision for Doubtful Debts:

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Beginning balance	6.368.249.066	8.408.109.275
Reversal of provision	(769.517)	(2.765.781.128)
Additional provision	-	725.920.919
Ending balance	6.367.479.549	6.368.249.066

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7. Inventories

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Raw Materials	572.232.705	618.035.845
Tools and Equipment	197.841.456	257.924.574
Merchandise	87.304.862	105.845.258
	857.379.023	981.805.677

8. Long-term Work-in-Progress Assets

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
<i>Long-term unfinished business and production costs</i>	155.795.601.563	143.227.675.755
Construction in Progress	2.926.501.255	2.402.592.000
	158.722.102.818	145.630.267.755

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9. Changes in Tangible Fixed Assets

Category	Buildings & Structures	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Management Tools	Perennial Plantations	Other Assets	Total
Original Cost							
Beginning Balance	132,688,624.089	14,529,949.216	6,165,553.357	1,020,744.390	11,988,962.752	17,429,322.000	183,823,155.804
- Purchased during the year	1,508,593.926						1,508,593.926
- Disposal, Sale							
Ending Balance	134,197,218.015	14,529,949.216	6,165,553.357	1,020,744.390	11,988,962.752	17,429,322.000	185,331,749.730
Accumulated Depreciation							
Beginning Balance	107,614,296.445	11,039,286.326	6,040,046.570	803,402.038	11,099,835.303	13,661,201.415	150,258,068.097
- Purchased during the year	3,112,857.219	420,987.545	125,506.787	59,303.034	668,130.580	876,751.691	5,263,536.856
- Disposal, Sale							
Ending Balance	110,727,153.664	11,460,273.871	6,165,553.357	862,705.072	11,767,965.883	14,537,953.106	155,521,604.953
Net Book Value							
- Beginning of the year	25,074,327.644	3,490,622.890	125,506.787	217,342.352	889,127.449	3,768,120.585	33,565,087.707
End of the year	23,470,064.351	3,069,675.345	-	158,039.318	220,996.869	2,891,368.894	29,810,144.777

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10. Changes in Intangible Fixed Assets

Category	Accounting Software	Compensation and Site Clearance Costs	Land Use Rights	Mining Permit Fees	Mineral Water Mining Rights	Total
Original Cost						
Beginning Balance	251.942.840	5.577.364.102	10.207.370.600	3.379.101.137	400.000.000	19.815.778.679
Ending Balance	251.942.840	5.577.364.102	10.207.370.600	3.379.101.137	400.000.000	19.815.778.679
Accumulated Amortization						
Beginning Balance	251.942.840	5.577.364.102	2.715.608.161	969.086.295	400.000.000	9.914.001.398
- Amortization for the Period		-	407.341.224	92.875.104		500.216.328
Ending Balance	251.942.840	5.577.364.102	3.122.949.384	1.061.961.400	400.000.000	10.414.217.726
Net Book Value						
- At the Beginning of the Year	-	-	7.491.762.439	2.410.014.842	-	9.901.777.281
- At the End of the Year	-	-	7.084.421.215	2.317.139.738	-	9.401.560.953

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11. Changes in Investment Properties:

Category	Land Use Rights (Yoco Building)	Buildings & Structures (Yoco Building)	Ung Văn Khiêm Apartment	Total
Original Cost				
Beginning Balance	2.933.909.250	27.863.832.717	7.304.637.834	38.102.379.801
Ending Balance	2.933.909.250	27.863.832.717	7.304.637.834	38.102.379.801
Accumulated Amortization				
Beginning Balance	782.375.799	27.273.620.543	5.161.944.104	33.217.940.446
- Amortization for the Period	-	70.855.938	219.139.137	289.995.075
Ending Balance	782.375.799	27.344.476.481	5.381.083.241	33.507.935.521
Net Book Value				
- At the Beginning of the Year	2.151.533.451	590.212.174	2.142.693.730	4.884.439.355
- At the End of the Year	2.151.533.451	519.356.236	1.923.554.593	4.594.444.280

12. Prepaid Expenses

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Short-term		
Other Prepaid Expenses	169.317.149	213.639.215
	169.317.149	213.639.215
Long-term		
Mineral Extraction License Fee	950.380.818	989.439.288
Land Use Fees (*)	8.673.009.345	8.844.563.376
Tools, Equipment, and Other Expenses	2.298.170.639	2.485.775.387
	11.921.560.802	12.319.778.051

13. Trade Payables

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Other Short-term Payables		
- Công Ân Trading and Service Co., Ltd	4.700.000.000	4.700.000.000
- Other Customers	1.229.151.788	836.002.675
	5.929.151.788	5.536.002.675

14. Taxes and Payables to the State

Category	Beginning Balance	Amount Payable in the Year	Amount Paid in the Year	Ending Balance
Value-Added Tax (VAT)	2.365.357.830	5.629.488.692	(5.640.765.008)	2.354.081.514
Corporate Income Tax	166.406.183	3.547.562.115	(2.149.674.411)	1.564.293.887
Personal Income Tax	187.398.169	620.429.138	(723.819.584)	84.007.723
Resource Tax	43.400.000	397.233.200	(398.633.200)	42.000.000
Business License Fee	-	15.000.000	(15.000.000)	-
Other Payables	263.746.415	1.414.099.899	(1.054.376.889)	623.469.425
Total	3.026.308.597	11.623.813.044	(9.982.269.092)	4.667.852.549
including				
Receivables	(1.749.584.094)			(1.603.554.613)
Payable	4.775.892.691			6.271.407.162

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15. Accrued Expenses

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Short-term		
Provision for Cost of Goods Sold and Other		
Accrued Expenses	11.457.179.065	11.454.576.187
	<u>11.457.179.065</u>	<u>11.454.576.187</u>

16. Other Payables

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Short-term		
Payable Profit from Business Cooperation	2.296.875.000	2.187.500.000
Customer Deposits for Investment Contracts under Camellia Garden Project	40.154.923.500	42.093.915.500
Maintenance Fees Collected on Behalf – Camellia Garden Project (a)	7.263.377.944	7.263.377.944
Dividends Payable	1.166.182.005	1.516.735.855
Trade Union Funds and Social Insurance	207.263.702	105.519.202
Payable to Mr. Đỗ Đình Dũng	2.689.732.550	2.689.732.550
Other Payables	431.541.016	315.907.897
	<u>54.209.895.717</u>	<u>53.985.188.948</u>
Long-term		
Customer Deposits	8.974.711.954	9.048.496.697
Capital Contributions for Yoco Building Joint Venture from Tuổi Trẻ Newspaper	14.334.529.046	14.334.529.046
Investment Cooperation Funds Received from Nam Long Company for 9B7 Project in Nam Sài Gòn Urban Area	4.293.801.350	4.293.801.350
Deposits received (b)	-	85.000.000.000
Other		1.000.000.000
	<u>27.603.042.350</u>	<u>113.676.827.093</u>

- (a) The maintenance fees for the Camellia Garden project are collected from customers upon property handover and will be transferred to the residential management board in the future. Currently, these collected amounts are maintained in the Company's bank deposit account
- (b) This amount represents a deposit received for the Nhon Trach land project

17. Deferred Income Tax Assets and Liabilities

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Deferred income tax assets/(liabilities) arising from deductible/(taxable) temporary differences:		
- Accrued expenses	2.280.826.701	2.281.826.701
- Unearned Revenue	3.488.880.826	6.094.944.636
	<u>5.770.707.527</u>	<u>5.770.707.527</u>

The corporate income tax rate used to determine the value of deferred income tax is 20%.

Deferred Income Tax Movements:

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Beginning balance	5.770.707.527	5.770.707.527
Recognized deferred income tax (expense)/income		
Reversal		
Ending balance	<u>5.770.707.527</u>	<u>5.770.707.527</u>

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18. Equity

a) Statement of Changes in Equity

Category	Share Capital	Share Premium	Other Capital	Treasury Shares	Development Investment Fund	Undistributed Profits	Non-controlling Interests	Total
Beginning balance of the previous year	193.363.710.000	155.800.315.462	32.470.000.000	(25.666.224.588)	34.970.361.447	256.420.846.567	1.489.353.574	648.848.362.462
- Profit/loss for the previous year	-	-	-	-	-	(8.860.981.761)	1.338.462.054	(7.522.519.707)
- Allocation to welfare & bonus fund	-	-	-	-	-	(269.607.927)	(67.401.981)	(337.009.908)
- Dividend & Board of Directors' bonus distribution	-	-	-	-	-	(9.181.502.114)	-	(9.181.502.114)
- Other adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	25.956.647.329	-	25.956.647.329
Beginning balance of the current year	193.363.710.000	155.800.315.462	32.470.000.000	(25.666.224.588)	34.970.361.447	264.065.402.094	2.760.413.647	657.763.978.062
- Profit/loss for the current year	-	-	-	-	-	11.621.076.176	1.543.145.565	13.164.221.741
- Allocation to welfare & bonus fund	-	-	-	-	-	(653.606.413)	(85.261.379)	(738.867.792)
- Other Decreases	-	-	-	-	-	215.006.638.412	(32.243.562.517)	182.763.075.895
Ending balance of the current year	193.363.710.000	155.800.315.462	32.470.000.000	(25.666.224.588)	34.970.361.447	490.039.510.269	(28.025.264.684)	852.952.407.906

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b) Capital Transactions with Owners and Distribution of Dividends and Profits

	2025 VND	2024 VND
Owner's Contributed Capital	193.363.710.000	193.363.710.000
Beginning Balance of Contributed Capital	193.363.710.000	193.363.710.000
Increase in Contributed Capital During the Year		
Decrease in Contributed Capital During the Year		
Ending Balance of Contributed Capital		
Dividends and Distributed Profits		(9.069.323.500)

c) Shares

	30/09/2025	01/01/2025
- Common shares		
Authorized shares	19.336.371	19.336.371
Issued shares	19.336.371	19.336.371
Treasury shares	(1.197.724)	(1.197.724)
Outstanding shares	18.138.647	18.138.647
Par value per share	10.000 VND	10.000 VND
- Preferred Shares: None		

d) Company Funds

	30/09/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Development Investment Fund	34.970.361.447	34.970.361.447

VII. Additional Information on Items Presented in the Income Statement

1. Total Revenue from Sales and Services

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Revenue from real estate business	27.028.274.536	25.568.935.180
Revenue from Services	36.098.207.473	47.825.323.147
Other Revenue	842.557.500	227.272.727
	63.969.039.509	73.621.531.054

2. Revenue Deductions

	-	(100.048.926)
Revenue Deductions		
	63.693.039.509	73.521.482.128

3. Cost of Goods Sold

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Cost of real estate business	6.640.824.310	6.542.221.030
Cost of Services	16.220.668.443	17.162.332.544
Other Cost	768.079.000	
	23.629.571.753	23.704.553.574

CENTURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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4. Income	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Interest Income from Bank Deposits and Loans	1.451.560.542	1.254.027.911
Investment Transfer Gains	-	-
	1.451.560.542	1.254.027.911
5. Financial Expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Profit Sharing for Business Cooperation	6.890.625.000	6.562.500.00
Other Financial Expenses	665.785.339	528.750.153
	7.546.410.339	7.091.250.153
6. Other Income	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Other Income	1.291.675.750	351.086.982
	1.291.675.750	351.086.982
7. Other Expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Other Expenses	760.446.455	1.612.348.096
	760.446.455	1.612.348.096
8. Selling Expenses and General & Administrative Expenses		
a) Selling Expenses	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Employee Expenses	973.736.241	961.128.611
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	1.022.237.382	1.151.653.739
Other Expenses	1.403.010.756	1.461.015.030
	3.398.984.739	3.573.797.380
b) General & Administrative Expenses		
Employee Expenses	7.139.097.550	7.588.917.546
Depreciation of Fixed Assets	1.622.535.458	1.729.910.564
Taxes and Fees	1.432.097.890	1.468.721.980
Provision Expenses	-	(1.346.430.919)
Other Expenses	2.253.785.595	1.864.260.719
Goodwils	1.386.000.000	-
	13.833.516.493	11.305.379.890

CENTURY 21 JOINT STOCK COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
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9. Current Corporate Income Tax Expense

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Corporate income tax expense based on taxable income for the current year	3.547.562.115	5.304.574.375
	3.547.562.115	5.304.574.375

10. Earnings per Share

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company (VND)	11.621.076.176	(4.699.056.697)
Less: Bonus and Welfare Fund (VND)	(653.606.413)	(817.163.781)
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares Outstanding	18.138.647	18.138.647
Diluted Earnings per Share	605	(304)

VIII. Other Information

1. Contingent Liabilities, Commitments, and Other Financial Information:

There are no contingent liabilities, commitments, or other financial information that require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements

2. Related Party Transactions

The Company has engaged in transactions with related parties as follows :

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Schengen Invest JSC		
Business Cooperation Revenue		9.000.000.000
Capital Contribution		25.500.000.000

Related Party Receivables:

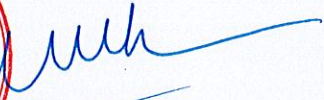
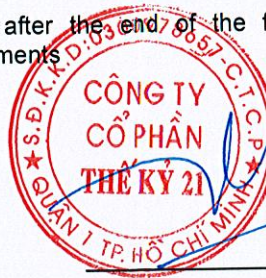
Related Party/Balance Description	From 01/01/2025 to 30/09/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/09/2024 VND
Schengen Invest JSC		
Deposit received for business cooperation	85.000.000.000	85.000.000.000

3. **Subsequent Events:**

There were no significant events occurring after the end of the financial year that require adjustments or disclosures in the financial statements



NGUYỄN THANH VY
Preparer / Accountant



ĐỖ THỊ KIM OANH
General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, ~~Oct 30~~, 2025

