

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Audited financial statements
For the fiscal year ended 31 December 2025



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REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Board of Management of Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company (the "Company") presents its report and the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025.

Overview of the Company

Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company is a Joint Stock Company established under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0103014976 dated December 8, 2006 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City. New Business Registration and Tax Registration Certificate No. 0102111943 changed for the 14th time on August 14, 2025.

The Company main business activities are:

- Trading in beer, alcohol, soft drinks and equipment, raw materials for the beer, alcohol and soft drink industry;
- Trading in restaurants and hotels (excluding karaoke rooms, dance halls and bars);
- Trading in freight transport;
- Trading in by-products in beer production, including: beer dregs;
- Trading in scrap and waste products after the beer production process;
- Trading and leasing of factories, offices, warehouses and yards.

The Company's head office is located at 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City.

The Board of Directors, The Board of Management, and Supervisory Board for year and as at the date of this report are as follows:

Board of Directors

Mr. Nguyen Manh Hung	Chairman
Mr. Nguyen Van Minh	Member
Mr. Tran Minh Tuan	Member

Board of Management

Mr. Nguyen Van Minh	Director
Mr. Nguyen Hai Quan	Deputy Director
Ms. Mai Thi Phuong Lien	Deputy Director
Mr. Bui Bao Ngoc	Deputy Director

Board Of Supervisors

Ms. Tran Phan Nguyet Minh	Head
Ms. Vu Thi Quyen	Member
Ms. Le Thu Trang	Member

Auditor

NVA Auditing Company Ltd has performed the audit on the financial statements for the fiscal year 2025 for the Company.

Statement of the Board of Management's responsibility in respect of the financial statements

The Board of Management is responsible for the financial statements of each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of its operation results and cash flows for the year. In preparing those financial statements, the board of management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

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HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
Report of the Board of Management (continued)

- Make judgments and estimates reasonably and prudently;
- Prepare and present the financial statements in compliance with current accounting standards, accounting regimes, and relevant regulations;
- Prepare the financial statements on going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business;
- Establish and implement an effective internal control system to minimize the risk of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclosed, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the registered accounting system, It is responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board of Management of the Company approves and commit that the attached financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2025, as well as the results of its operations and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended, in accordance with Vietnamese accounting standards, accounting regime for enterprises, and compliance with relevant legal regulations.

On behalf of The Board of Management



Nguyen Van Minh
Director

Ha Noi, 09 March 2026



AUDIT AND ASSURANCE

CÔNG TY TNHH KIỂM TOÁN NVA
NVA AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED

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No: 24.06.1.2/25/BCTC/NVA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: Shareholders, The Board of Directors and The Board of Management
Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company, prepared on 09 March 2026, from page 06 to page 35, which include: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2025, the income statement, the cash flow statement for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

The Board of Managements' responsibility

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and the presentation to give a true and fair view on the financial statements of the Company in accordance with the prevailing Vietnamese Accounting Standards and System as well as other related regulations, and is responsible for internal control which the Management realizes that it is necessary to ensure the preparation and the presentation of the financial statements to be free from material errors due to frauds or mistakes.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements on the basis of our audit. Our audit is conducted in accordance with the Vietnamese Independent Auditing Regulations and Standards. These standards require that we comply with the standards and professional ethical requirements, plan and perform the audit procedures to obtain a reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material mistakes.

The audit fieldwork includes the implementation of procedures to obtain audit evidence supporting the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The audit procedures are selected on the basis of the auditor's judgment, including the assessments of risks of material mistakes in the financial statements due to errors or fraud. When assessing these risks, the auditor had considered whether the internal control system of the Company related to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements is true and fair to design audit procedures that are appropriate with actual situation, however, not provide the opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company. The audit also includes our assessment on the appropriateness of the accounting policies applied, the accounting estimates of the Company's Management as well as our evaluation on the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, the financial position of Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company as at 31 December 2025, and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and system and comply with relevant statutory requirements in preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Other Matters

The financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2024 were audited by another audit firm. The independent auditor's report dated 07 March 2025, expressed an unqualified opinion.

NVA Auditing Co., Ltd

Deputy General Director



Le Hong Dao

Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No.
1732-2023-152-1

Ho Chi Minh City, 09 March 2026

Auditor

Le Thi Nhu Ngoc

Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No.
4799-2024-152-1



HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET
As at 31 December 2025

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		166,810,179,179	165,660,193,121
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	11,331,105,437	8,258,746,114
1. Cash	111		11,331,105,437	8,258,746,114
2. Cash equivalents	112		-	-
II. Short-term financial investments	120		85,300,000,000	140,000,000,000
1. Trading securities	121		-	-
2. Provision for diminution in value of trading securities (*)	122		-	-
3. Held-to-maturity investments	123	V.2	85,300,000,000	140,000,000,000
III. Short-term receivables	130		60,580,890,365	4,477,652,561
1. Short-term trade receivables	131	V.3	40,172,674,800	806,669,982
2. Short-term advances to suppliers	132	V.4	19,386,874,553	1,955,018,551
3. Short-term intercompany receivables	133		-	-
4. Receivables according to the progress of construction contracts	134		-	-
5. Short-term loan receivables	135		-	-
6. Other short-term receivables	136	V.5	1,021,341,012	1,745,498,095
7. Provision for short-term doubtful debt (*)	137		-	(29,534,067)
8. Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	-
IV. Inventories	140	V.6	6,138,489,883	2,539,351,266
1. Inventories	141		6,138,489,883	2,539,351,266
2. Provision against devaluation of goods in stock (*)	149		-	-
V. Other current assets	150		3,459,693,494	10,384,443,180
1. Short-term prepayments	151	V.9	3,459,693,494	7,533,858,469
2. VAT deductibles	152		-	2,850,584,711
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State budget	153		-	-
4. Purchase and resale of government bonds	154		-	-
5. Other current assets	155		-	-
B. NON- CURRENT ASSETS	200		54,437,429,213	49,732,271,499
I. Long-term receivables	210		-	-
1. Long-term trade receivables	211		-	-
2. Long-term advances to suppliers	212		-	-
3. Working capital from sub-units	213		-	-
4. Long-term intercompany receivables	214		-	-
5. Receivables on long-term loans	215		-	-
6. Other long-term receivables	216		-	-
7. Provision for long-term doubtful debts (*)	219		-	-

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Balance sheet (continued)

Unit: VND

ASSETS	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
II. Fixed assets	220		14,173,062,521	14,086,677,658
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.7	13,402,553,876	13,617,835,669
- Cost	222		52,871,015,756	52,283,034,072
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(39,468,461,880)	(38,665,198,403)
2. Finance leasing assets	224		-	-
- Cost	225		-	-
- Accumulated depreciation	226		-	-
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.8	770,508,645	468,841,989
- Cost	228		2,324,648,000	1,829,648,000
- Accumulated depreciation	229		(1,554,139,355)	(1,360,806,011)
III. Investment properties	230		-	-
- Cost	231		-	-
- Accumulated depreciation	232		-	-
IV. Long-term unfinished assets	240		-	-
1. Cost for work in process	241		-	-
2. Construction in progress	242		-	-
V. Long-term investments	250		7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000
1. Investments in subsidiaries	251		-	-
2. Investments in joint-ventures, associates	252		-	-
3. Other long-term investments	253	V.2	7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000
4. Provision for devaluation of long-term investments	254		-	-
5. Investments held to maturity	255		-	-
VI. Other long-term assets	260		32,764,366,692	28,145,593,841
1. Long-term prepayments	261	V.9	32,405,816,400	27,590,426,720
2. Deferred income tax assets	262	V.10	358,550,292	555,167,121
3. Long term equipment, supplies and spare parts	263		-	-
4. Other long-term assets	268		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	270		221,247,608,392	215,392,464,620

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Balance sheet (continued)

Unit: VND

RESOURCES	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
C. LIABILITIES	300		146,180,640,371	138,307,423,179
I. Current liabilities	310		146,180,640,371	138,307,423,179
1. Short-term trade payables	311	V.11	13,892,331,828	15,458,726,199
2. Short-term advances from customers	312	V.12	6,444,838,691	10,121,452,365
3. Taxes and amounts payable to State budget	313	V.13	2,303,657,407	571,111,187
4. Payables to employees	314		6,796,348,274	7,012,218,110
5. Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.14	2,853,463,074	3,052,411,810
6. Short-term intercompany payables	316		-	-
7. Payables based on agreed progress of construction contract	317		-	-
8. Short-term unearned revenue	318		-	-
9. Other short-term payables	319	V.15	109,408,125,241	99,879,574,615
10. Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities	320		-	-
11. Provision for short term payables	321		-	-
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322		4,481,875,856	2,211,928,893
13. Price stabilization fund	323		-	-
14. Purchase and resale of government bonds	324		-	-
II. Long-term liabilities	330		-	-
1. Long-term supplier payables	331		-	-
2. Long-term advances from customers	332		-	-
3. Long-term accrued expenses	333		-	-
4. Intercompany payables on working capital	334		-	-
5. Long-term intercompany payables	335		-	-
6. Long-term unearned revenue	336		-	-
7. Other long-term payables	337		-	-
8. Long-term loans and finance lease liabilities	338		-	-
9. Convertible bonds	339		-	-
10. Preference shares	340		-	-
11. Deferred income tax	341		-	-
12. Provision for long term payables	342		-	-
13. Scientific and technological development fund	343		-	-

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Balance sheet (continued)

Unit: VND

RESOURCES	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
D. EQUITY	400		75,066,968,021	77,085,041,441
I. Owners' equity	410	V.16	75,066,968,021	77,085,041,441
1. Owners' contributed capital	411		31,230,000,000	31,230,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		31,230,000,000	31,230,000,000
- Preference shares	411b		-	-
2. Share premium	412		-	-
3. Conversion options on bond	413		-	-
4. Other owner's fund	414		-	-
5. Treasury shares (*)	415		-	-
6. Differences upon asset revaluation	416		-	-
7. Exchange differences	417		-	-
8. Investment and development funds	418		18,270,645,124	18,270,645,124
9. Enterprise reorganization assistance fund	419		-	-
10. Other equity funds	420		-	-
11. Undistributed post-tax profits	421		25,566,322,897	27,584,396,317
- Undistributed post-tax profits accumulated by the end of the previous period	421a		12,587,103,817	8,823,421,328
- Undistributed post-tax profits of current period	421b		12,979,219,080	18,760,974,989
12. Capital expenditure fund	422		-	-
II. Funding and other funds	430		-	-
1. Funding	431		-	-
2. Funds that form fixed assets	432		-	-
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		221,247,608,392	215,392,464,620

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

Director







Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Nguyen Cao Tuong

Nguyen Van Minh

Hanoi, 09 March 2026

INCOME STATEMENT
The year 2025

Unit: VND

Items	Code	Note	Current year	Previous year
1. Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	01	VI.1	1,415,773,851,214	1,349,671,891,416
2. Deductible items	02	VI.2	724,390,583	388,519,783
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	10	VI.3	1,415,049,460,631	1,349,283,371,633
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.4	1,331,407,688,021	1,243,479,726,821
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services	20		83,641,772,610	105,803,644,812
6. Revenue from financial activities	21	VI.5	5,820,677,494	6,653,078,249
7. Financial expenses	22		-	-
<i>In which: Interest expense</i>	23		-	-
8. Selling expenses	24	VI.6	119,048,902,283	68,052,493,340
9. Administrative expenses	25	VI.6	22,796,639,320	22,488,974,078
10. Net profit from operating activities	30		(52,383,091,499)	21,915,255,643
11. Other income	31	VI.7	68,660,097,481	1,562,950,327
12. Other expenses	32	VI.8	5,727,500	4,597,828
13. Other profit	40		68,654,369,981	1,558,352,499
14. Total profit before tax	50		16,271,278,482	23,473,608,142
15. Current corporate income tax expenses	51	VI.9	3,095,442,573	3,939,994,756
16. Deferred corporate income tax expenses	52		196,616,829	772,638,397
17. Profit after tax	60		12,979,219,080	18,760,974,989
18. Basic earnings per share	70	VI.10	2,920	4,186
19. Diluted earnings per share	71	VI.10	2,920	4,186

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

Director

[Signature]

[Signature]



Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Nguyen Cao Tuong

Nguyen Van Minh

Hanoi, 09 March 2026

CASH FLOWS STATEMENT
(Under indirect method)
The year 2025

Unit: VND

Items	Code	Note	Current year	Previous year
I. Cash flows from operating activities				
1. Profit before tax	01		16,271,278,482	23,473,608,142
2. Adjustments for				
- Depreciation	02		2,914,196,821	3,018,496,953
- Provisions	03		(29,534,067)	-
- Gains/losses from unrealised foreign exchange	04		-	-
- Gains/losses from investing activities	05		(6,093,404,494)	(6,653,078,249)
- Interest expenses	06		-	-
- Other adjustments	07		-	-
3. Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08		13,062,536,742	19,839,026,846
- Increase/Decrease in receivables	09		(53,898,430,026)	10,203,852,876
- Increase/Decrease in inventory	10		(3,599,138,617)	(2,227,587,727)
- Increase/Decrease in payables (excluding interest payables, business income tax payables)	11		5,422,497,909	17,322,820,562
- Increase/Decrease in prepaid expenses	12		(741,224,705)	(24,417,728,452)
- Increase/Decrease in trading securities	13		-	-
- Interest paid	14		-	-
- Business income tax paid	15		(3,113,495,253)	(5,014,475,481)
- Other receipts from operating activities	16		-	-
- Other expenses on operating activities	17		(3,358,345,537)	(6,984,611,556)
Net cash flows from operating activities	20		(46,225,599,487)	8,721,297,068
II. Cash flow from investing activities				
1. Purchase of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(3,000,581,684)	(2,394,709,798)
2. Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		272,727,000	-
3. Loans to other entities and purchase of debt instruments of other entities	23		(200,300,000,000)	(260,000,000,000)
4. Repayment from borrowers and proceeds from sales of debt instruments of other entities	24		255,000,000,000	255,000,000,000
5. Investments in other entities	25		-	-
6. Investment returns from other entities	26		-	-
7. Interest, dividends and profit received	27		6,495,988,494	7,253,871,975
Net cash from investing activities	30		58,468,133,810	(140,837,823)

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Cash flows statement (continued)

Unit: VND

Items	Code	Note	Current year	Previous year
III. Cash flows from financing activities				
1. Receipts from stocks issuing and capital contribution from equity owners	31		-	-
2. Fund returned to equity owners, issued stock redemption	32		-	-
3. Long-term and short-term borrowings received	33		-	-
4. Loan repayment	34		-	-
5. Finance lease principle paid	35		-	-
6. Dividends, profit paid to equity owners	36		(9,170,175,000)	(9,156,600,000)
Net cash from financing activities	40		(9,170,175,000)	(9,156,600,000)
Net cash during the year	50		3,072,359,323	(576,140,755)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	60		8,258,746,114	8,834,886,869
Impact of foreign exchange fluctuation	61		-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	70	V.1	11,331,105,437	8,258,746,114

Prepared by

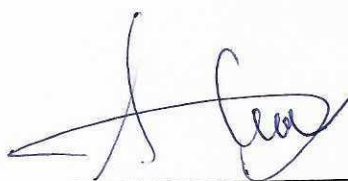
Chief Accountant

Director



Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Ha Noi, 09 March 2026



Nguyen Cao Tuong




Nguyen Van Minh

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The year 2025

I. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

1. Form of ownership

Hanoi Beer Trading joint Stock Company is a Joint Stock Company established under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0103014976 dated December 8, 2006 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City. New Business Registration and Tax Registration Certificate No. 0102111943 changed for the 14th time on August 14, 2025.

The Company's head office is located at 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City.

2. Business sector

The business sector of the Company is trade, services.

3. Business activities

The Company main business activities are: Trading in beer, alcohol, soft drinks and equipment, raw materials for the beer, alcohol and soft drink industry; Trading in restaurants and hotels (excluding karaoke rooms, dance halls and bars); Trading in freight transport; Trading in by-products in beer production, including: beer dregs; Trading in scrap and waste products after the beer production process; Trading and leasing of factories, offices, warehouses and yards.

4. The cycle of the Company's business

The usual production and business cycle of the Company is carried out within a period not exceeding 12 months.

5. Company's structure

The number of employees of the Company as at 31 December 2025 was 104 (As at 31 December 2024 was 102).

The Company has no investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures or affiliated companies and no dependent accounting units at the end of the accounting period to prepare financial statements.

6. Declaration on the comparability of information on the financial statements

During the year, the Company made no changes to its accounting policies compared to the previous year, thus there is no impact on the comparability of the information in the financial statements.

II. FISCAL YEAR AND STANDARD CURRENCY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Fiscal year

Fiscal year of the Company is from 1 January to 31 December annually.

2. Standard currency unit used in accounting

The standard currency unit used in accounting is Vietnam dong (VND).

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM APPLIED

1. Accounting system

The Company applies the Vietnamese Accounting System issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 200"), which provides guidance on Accounting System for enterprises issued by the Ministry of Finance on December 22, 2014, and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016, amending and supplementing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, also issued by the Ministry of Finance.

2. Statement on the compliance with the accounting standards and system

The Company has applied the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the related guiding documents issued by the State. The financial statements have been prepared and presented in full compliance with all provisions of each standard, the circulars guiding the implementation of the standards, and the current Vietnamese Accounting System.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

1. Principles to determine cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash at the fund, demand deposits in bank, monetary gold used with value storage functions, excluding gold classified as inventory used for the purpose of raw materials. materials to manufacture products or goods for sale.

Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a maturity of no more than 3 months from the date of purchase, easily convertible into a specified amount of money and without much risk in conversion into money.

2. Accounting principles for financial investments

a) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments include investments that the Company intends and is able to hold until maturity. These investments comprise: fixed-term bank deposits (including treasury bills and promissory notes), bonds, preferred shares where the issuer is obligated to repurchase them at a specified future date, loans held to maturity for the purpose of earning periodic interest, and other held-to-maturity investments.

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized starting from the purchase date and initially measured at purchase cost, including any transaction-related costs. Interest income from held-to-maturity investments after the purchase date is recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis. Interest accrued prior to the Company's holding of the investment is deducted from the principal at the time of purchase.

A provision for impairment of held-to-maturity investments is made when there is clear evidence showing that part or all of the investment may not be recoverable. This provision is recognized as a financial expense for the year.

b) Investment in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities represent equity investments where the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are recorded at their original cost, less any provision for impairment of investments.

3. Principles of recognizing trade receivables and other receivables

Receivables are presented at their carrying amount, net of any provision for doubtful debts.

The classification of receivables as trade receivables or other receivables is based on the following principles:

- Trade receivables represent amounts arising from commercial transactions, including amounts receivable from consigned export sales on behalf of other entities.
- Other receivables refer to non-commercial amounts that are not related to purchase and sale transactions.

The provision for doubtful debts reflects the estimated value of receivables that the Company anticipates may be lost or unrecoverable as of the end of the accounting period. Any increase or

HANOI BEER TRADING JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Address: 183 Hoang Hoa Tham, Ngoc Ha Ward, Hanoi City
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

decrease in the balance of the provision account is recorded as administrative expenses in the income statement.

Receivables are categorized as short-term or long-term based on their remaining maturity periods.

4. Principles for inventory recognition

Inventories are recognized at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Raw materials and merchandise: Includes purchase costs and other direct costs incurred to bring the inventories to their current location and condition.
- Finished goods: Includes the main raw material costs, direct labor costs, and related general manufacturing costs allocated based on normal operating levels.
- Work in progress: Includes main raw material costs, direct labor costs, and general manufacturing costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories at the end of the period minus the estimated costs to complete and sell them.

The cost of inventories is calculated using the weighted average method and is accounted for on a perpetual basis.

Provisions for inventory devaluation are made for each inventory item whose original cost exceeds its net realizable value. For unfinished services, provisions are calculated for each type of service with distinct pricing. Any increase or decrease in the balance of the provision for inventory devaluation that needs to be made as of the end of the financial year is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

5. Principles for the recognition and depreciation of tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are presented at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of fixed assets includes all costs incurred by the enterprise to acquire the fixed assets until they are in a condition ready for use. Subsequent expenditures are only added to the historical cost of fixed assets if these expenditures certainly increase the future economic benefits from using the asset. Expenditures that do not meet this condition are recognized as production and business expenses in the year.

When fixed assets are sold or disposed of, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gains or losses arising from the disposal are recognized in income or expenses for the year.

Depreciation of assets is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated depreciation periods are as follows:

Type of asset	Depreciation period (years)	
	Current year	Previous year
- Buildings and structures	05 – 25 year	05 – 25 year
- Transportation means	06 year	06 year
- Machinery and equipment	03 – 07 year	03 – 07 year
- Management tools	03 year	03 year
- Computer software	03 year	03 year

The historical cost of fixed assets and the depreciation period are determined in accordance with Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013, issued by the Ministry of Finance, providing guidance on the management, use, and depreciation of fixed assets, and other relevant regulations.

6. Principles for the recognition and allocation of prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses related only to production and business costs within the year are recognized as short-term prepaid expenses and allocated to production and business expenses of the same year.

The calculation and allocation of long-term prepaid expenses to production and business costs for each accounting period are based on the nature and magnitude of each type of expense to select a reasonable allocation method and basis. Prepaid expenses are gradually allocated to production and business expenses using the straight-line method.

7. Principles for the recognition of liabilities and accrued expenses

Liabilities and accrued expenses are recognized for amounts payable in the future related to goods and services received. Accrued expenses are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amount payable.

The classification of liabilities into trade payables and other payables is performed according to the following principles:

- Trade payables reflect the amounts payable of a commercial nature arising from transactions of purchasing goods, services, assets, and the seller is an independent entity from the Company, including amounts payable upon import through a trustee.
- Accrued expenses reflect the amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or provided to the buyer but not yet paid due to the absence of invoices or incomplete accounting documents, and amounts payable to employees for vacation wages, production, and business expenses to be accrued.
- Other payables reflect the amounts payable that are not of a commercial nature, not related to the transactions of buying, selling, or providing goods and services.

8. Principles of recognizing owners' equity

Owner's contributed capital

Owner's contributed capital is recognized based on the actual contributed capital of the shareholders.

Profit distribution

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after appropriations to funds as per the Company Charter and legal regulations, and as approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders considers non-monetary items within undistributed post-tax profits that may affect cash flows and the ability to pay dividends, such as gains from revaluation of contributed assets, revaluation gains from monetary items, financial instruments, and other non-monetary items.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recognized as liabilities in the Company's consolidated balance sheet following the resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the resolution of the Board of Directors, and the establishment of the record date for dividend entitlement by the Central securities depository.

Other funds

Other funds are established and utilized in accordance with the Company's Charter and the resolutions approved annually by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

9. Principles for the recognition of revenue and income

Revenue is recognized when the Company is likely to receive economic benefits that can be reliably measured. Revenue is determined at the fair value of the amounts received or to be received, after deducting trade discounts, sales returns, and allowances. The following specific conditions must also be satisfied before revenue is recognized:

Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer;
- The company no longer retains managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor does it have effective control over the goods sold;
- The revenue can be measured reliably. If the contract allows the buyer to return the goods under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those conditions no longer exist and the buyer no longer has the right to return the goods (except in cases where the customer may exchange the goods for other goods or services);
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company;
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Service revenue

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when the outcome of the transaction can be measured reliably. When services are rendered over multiple accounting periods, revenue is recognized by reference to the stage of completion at the end of the reporting period, in accordance with the percentage-of-completion method. The outcome of a service transaction can be measured reliably when all of the following criteria are met:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably. If the contract grants the customer the right to return the service under specific conditions, revenue is recognized only when such conditions no longer exist and the customer no longer has the right to return the service;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity;
- The stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

Interest income

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis and is determined based on the balance of deposit accounts and the actual interest rates for each period.

Dividends and profits received

Dividends and profits are recognized when the Company becomes entitled to receive them from its investment. Dividends received in the form of shares are only monitored as an increase in the number of shares and are not recognized for their value.

Revenue deductions

This category reflects adjustments reducing sales revenue and service revenue incurred during the year, including trade discounts, sales returns, and allowances. It does not reflect taxes deducted from revenue, such as output VAT calculated using the direct method.

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Revenue adjustments are conducted as follows:

- Trade discounts, sales returns, and allowances incurred in the same period as the consumption of products, goods, and services are deducted from the revenue of that period;
- For products, goods, and services sold in prior years, if trade discounts, sales returns, or allowances occur in subsequent periods, the revenue reduction is recorded according to the following principles:
 - + If the adjustments occur after the consumption of products, goods, and services in prior years but before the issuance of the financial statements, these adjustments are treated as post-balance sheet events requiring adjustment. They are recorded as revenue reductions in the financial statements of the reporting period (prior year).
 - + If the adjustments occur after the issuance of the financial statements, the revenue reduction is recorded in the reporting period during which the event occurs (current period).

10. Principles for the recognition of cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold reflects the capital value of goods and services sold during the year. In addition, it also reflects expenses related to investment real estate business activities such as: Depreciation expenses; repair expenses; operating lease expenses for investment real estate (in case of small occurrence); ...

Provision for devaluation of inventories is charged to cost of goods sold on the basis of inventories and the difference between the net realizable value and the cost of inventories. When determining the volume of inventory that is subject to a decline in value for which a provision is made, the accountant must exclude the volume of inventory that has been signed for sale (with a net realizable value not lower than the value of the contract). book) but has not yet been delivered to the customer if there is solid evidence that the customer will not abandon the performance of the contract.

11. Principles for the recognition of financial expenses

Financial expenses include costs or losses related to financial activities, such as: Costs or losses from financial investments, borrowing and lending costs, expenses from contributions to joint ventures or associates, losses from the transfer of short-term securities, expenses incurred from securities trading transactions, provisions for devaluation of trading securities, provisions for losses from investments in other entities, losses from foreign currency sales, and exchange rate losses.

12. Principles for the recognition of selling expenses and administrative expenses

Sale expenses reflect the actual costs incurred in the process of selling products or goods or providing services, including the costs of offering goods, introducing products, advertising products, sales commissions, expenses for product and goods warranty (except for construction activities), expenses for preservation, packing and transportation,...

Management expenses reflect general management expenses of the enterprise, including expenses for salaries of employees of the enterprise management sections (salaries, wages, allowances ...); social insurance, health insurance, trade union funds, unemployment insurance of enterprise managers; expenses for office materials, labor tools, depreciation of fixed assets used for enterprise management; land rent, excise tax; provision for bad debts; Outbound services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, property insurance, fire and explosion); Other monetary expenses (guest reception, customer conference ...).

13. Principles and methods for recognizing corporate income tax expenses

Corporate income tax expenses recorded in the income statement include current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses.

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Current corporate income tax expenses are determined based on taxable income and the corporate income tax rate applicable for the current year.

Deferred corporate income tax expenses are determined based on temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses, adjustments for non-taxable income, and carried-forward losses.

14. Segment reporting

Segment reporting include a business segment or a geographical segment.

A business segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

15. Financial instruments

Initial recognition

Financial Assets: On the initial recognition date, financial assets are recorded at cost, including directly attributable transaction costs related to the acquisition of the financial assets. The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, short-term receivables, other receivables, and held-to-maturity investments.

Financial Liabilities: On the initial recognition date, financial liabilities are recorded at cost, net of directly attributable transaction costs related to the issuance of those financial liabilities. The Company's financial liabilities include payables to suppliers, other payables, accrued expenses, and borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

Currently, there are no regulations on the revaluation of financial instruments after initial recognition.

16. Related parties

Parties are considered a related party of the Company if one party has the ability to control the other party or otherwise significantly influence the other party in making financial decisions and operate, or when the Company and the other party jointly or severally control.

In considering related parties relationship, the nature of relationship is focused more than the legal form.

V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
Cash in banks	11,331,105,437	8,258,746,114
Total	11,331,105,437	8,258,746,114

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2. Financial investments

a) Held-to-maturity investments

Objects	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Cost	Book value	Cost	Cost
- Short-term	85,300,000,000	85,300,000,000	140,000,000,000	140,000,000,000
+ Fixed-term deposits with original terms from over 3 months to 12 months	85,300,000,000	85,300,000,000	140,000,000,000	140,000,000,000
- Long-term	-	-	-	-
Total	85,300,000,000	85,300,000,000	140,000,000,000	140,000,000,000

b) Investments in other entities

Objects	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Ownership Percentage	Value (VND)	Ownership Percentage	Value (VND)
Stock Investment		-		-
Investment in Other Entities		7,500,000,000		7,500,000,000
- Ha Noi - Hung Yen Trading Beer Joint Stock Company 89 (750,000 shares)	12.5%	7,500,000,000	12.5%	7,500,000,000
Total		7,500,000,000		7,500,000,000
Provision for impairment of investments in other entities		-		-
Net value		7,500,000,000		7,500,000,000

(*) Notes: The voting rights percentage of the Company in Ha Noi - Hung Yen Trading Beer Joint Stock Company 89 is equivalent to the ownership percentage in these companies.

3. Trade receivables

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	40,172,674,800	806,669,982
We must collect the subsidy from Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation for beer sales	39,910,237,800	-
Nguyen Kien Global Company Limited	262,437,000	777,135,915
Other	-	29,534,067
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	40,172,674,800	806,669,982

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c) Trade receivables from related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

4. Prepayments to suppliers

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	19,386,874,553	1,955,018,551
Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation	18,724,877,098	1,425,595,704
Other	661,997,455	529,422,847
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	19,386,874,553	1,955,018,551

c) Prepayments to suppliers to related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

5. Other receivables

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	1,021,341,012	1,745,498,095
Term deposit interest income	996,635,000	1,671,946,000
Advance	-	60,000,000
Short-term deposits and bets	9,600,000	9,600,000
Other	15,106,012	3,952,095
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	1,021,341,012	1,745,498,095

c) Other receivables to related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

6. Inventory

Unit: VND

	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Raw materials	44,926,758	-	-	-
Tools and equipment	195,500,000	-	37,500,000	-
Goods	5,898,063,125	-	2,501,851,266	-
Total	6,138,489,883	-	2,539,351,266	-

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7. Increases and decreases in tangible fixed assets						Unit: VND
	Buildings and structures	Machinery, equipment	Transportation means	Management tools and equipment	Other fixed assets	Total
Cost						
Opening balance	23,242,470,862	1,119,519,000	27,294,039,665	358,204,545	268,800,000	52,283,034,072
Increase	-	-	2,465,489,091	-	40,092,593	2,505,581,684
- <i>New purchases</i>	-	-	2,465,489,091	-	40,092,593	2,505,581,684
Decrease	-	-	1,917,600,000	-	-	1,917,600,000
- <i>Liquidation and sale</i>	-	-	1,917,600,000	-	-	1,917,600,000
Closing balance	23,242,470,862	1,119,519,000	27,841,928,756	358,204,545	308,892,593	52,871,015,756
Accumulated depreciation						
Opening balance	14,115,206,660	825,170,613	23,419,924,159	101,065,656	203,831,315	38,665,198,403
Increase	912,726,444	186,210,474	1,493,172,327	91,250,004	37,504,228	2,720,863,477
Decrease	-	-	1,917,600,000	-	-	1,917,600,000
- <i>Liquidation and sale</i>	-	-	1,917,600,000	-	-	1,917,600,000
Closing balance	15,027,933,104	1,011,381,087	22,995,496,486	192,315,660	241,335,543	39,468,461,880
Net book value						
Opening balance	9,127,264,202	294,348,387	3,874,115,506	257,138,889	64,968,685	13,617,835,669
Closing balance	8,214,537,758	108,137,913	4,846,432,270	165,888,885	67,557,050	13,402,553,876

* *Note:*

- The cost of tangible fixed assets have been fully depreciated but still in use: 20,567,989,281 VND.
- Ending netbook value of tangible fixed assets pledged as loan securities: 0 VND.

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8. Increases and decreases in intangible fixed assets

Unit: VND

	Computer software
Cost	
Opening balance	1,829,648,000
Increase	495,000,000
Decrease	-
Closing balance	2,324,648,000
Accumulated depreciation	
Opening balance	1,360,806,011
Increase	193,333,344
Decrease	-
Closing balance	1,554,139,355
Net book value	
Opening balance	468,841,989
Closing balance	770,508,645

*** Note:**

- The cost of intangible fixed assets have been fully depreciated but still in use: 1,249,648,000 VND.

- Ending netbook value of intangible fixed assets pledged as loan securities: 0 VND.

9. Prepaid expenses

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	3,459,693,494	7,533,858,469
Tools and equipments	1,733,692,661	3,118,000,000
Repair costs	1,726,000,833	4,415,858,469
b) Long-term	32,405,816,400	27,590,426,720
Tools and equipments	27,658,099,115	22,684,452,197
Land rental costs	4,747,717,285	4,905,974,523
Total	35,865,509,894	35,124,285,189

10. Deferred income tax assets

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
Deferred income tax assets related to deductible temporary differences	358,550,292	555,167,121
Total	358,550,292	555,167,121

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	Ending balance		Beginning balance		Unit: VND
	Value	Afford to pay	Value	Afford to pay	
11. Trade payables					
a) Short-term					
Aligro Joint Stock Company	13,892,331,828	13,892,331,828	15,458,726,199	15,458,726,199	
Van Phu Trading Service Joint Stock Company	1,009,800,000	1,009,800,000	-	-	
Minh Duc Trading and Manufacture Company Limited	1,630,585,000	1,630,585,000	-	-	
Phu Thai Import-export and Distribution Joint Stock Company	-	-	2,094,400,000	2,094,400,000	
Tinh Hoa Viet Trading and Advertisement Implementing Company Limited	3,461,455,404	3,461,455,404	5,526,935,100	5,526,935,100	
New Style Advertising Trading Service Company Limited	-	-	2,392,911,234	2,392,911,234	
Other	5,372,751,492	5,372,751,492	5,444,479,865	5,444,479,865	
	2,417,739,932	2,417,739,932	-	-	
b) Long-term	-	-	-	-	
Total	13,892,331,828	13,892,331,828	15,458,726,199	15,458,726,199	

c) Outstanding overdue debts: None.

d) Trade payable to related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

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12. Advances from customers

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	6,444,838,691	10,121,452,365
Hung Thinh Beer - Alcohol - NGK Trading Joint Stock Company	-	1,208,326,900
Phu Hung Trading Business Company Limited	28,206,965	1,195,093,320
Tuyet Nga Trading And Food Company Limited	4,487,410	1,339,855,570
Trung Duc Service and Trading Development Joint Stock Company	209,481,678	1,113,622,228
CHAIN SOLUTION Joint Stock Company	1,239,857,104	622,684,923
Son Chay Draft Beer Company Limited	481,832,190	481,812,280
Hoan Hao Vietnam Trading and Services Co., Ltd.	655,285,000	25,145,835
Conference Center 37 Hung Vuong	57,134,364	138,063,924
Other	3,768,553,980	3,996,847,385
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	6,444,838,691	10,121,452,365

c) Advances from customers to related parties: None

13. Taxes and other payables to the State

	<i>Unit: VND</i>			
	Beginning balance	Amounts payable during the year	Amounts paid during the year	Ending balance
a) Payable	571,111,187	9,817,031,712	8,084,485,492	2,303,657,407
Domestic value-added tax	-	3,874,103,815	2,218,397,492	1,655,706,323
Corporate income tax	472,142,807	3,095,442,573	3,113,495,253	454,090,127
Personal income tax	98,968,380	2,559,905,324	2,465,012,747	193,860,957
Other taxes and fees	-	287,580,000	287,580,000	-
b) Receivable	-	-	-	-

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14. Payable expenses

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	2,853,463,074	3,052,411,810
Sales and sales support costs	1,661,574,074	1,936,421,884
Other payables	1,191,889,000	1,115,989,926
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	2,853,463,074	3,052,411,810

15. Other payables

	Ending balance VND	Beginning balance VND
a) Short-term	109,408,125,241	99,879,574,615
Union funds	606,154,103	553,644,745
Social insurance	35,738,500	35,738,500
Dividends payable to shareholders	3,063,939,910	2,865,114,910
Short-term deposits and guarantees received	105,392,760,000	95,531,494,000
Other payables	309,532,728	893,582,460
b) Long-term	-	-
Total	109,408,125,241	99,879,574,615

c) Overdue debt not paid: None.

d) Other payables to related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

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16. Owner's equity

a) Reconciliation table of changes in owners' equity

Unit: VND

Items	Owner's contributed capital	Development Investment Fund	Undistributed after-tax profit	Total
Beginning balance of the last year	31,230,000,000	18,270,645,124	19,474,314,923	68,974,960,047
Profit in previous year			18,760,974,989	18,760,974,989
Appropriation to the bonus and welfare fund from profits of 2023			(1,212,815,759)	(1,212,815,759)
Appropriation to executive bonus fund from profits of 2023			(69,077,836)	(69,077,836)
Dividend from profits of 2023			(9,369,000,000)	(9,369,000,000)
Balance at the end of the previous year	31,230,000,000	18,270,645,124	27,584,396,317	77,085,041,441
Beginning balance of this year	31,230,000,000	18,270,645,124	27,584,396,317	77,085,041,441
Profit this year			12,979,219,080	12,979,219,080
Appropriation to the bonus and welfare fund from profits of 2024			(5,291,984,000)	(5,291,984,000)
Appropriation to executive bonus fund from profits of 2024			(336,308,500)	(336,308,500)
Dividend from profits of 2024			(9,369,000,000)	(9,369,000,000)
Balance at the end of this year	31,230,000,000	18,270,645,124	25,566,322,897	75,066,968,021

b) Details of owners' capital

	Ending balance VND	%	Beginning balance VND	%
Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation	18,738,000,000	60%	18,738,000,000	60%
Capital contribution of other shareholders	12,492,000,000	40%	12,492,000,000	40%
Total	31,230,000,000	100%	31,230,000,000	100%

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c) Capital transactions with owners

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Owners' investment capital		
At the beginning of year	31,230,000,000	31,230,000,000
Increase in the year	-	-
Decrease in the year	-	-
At the end of year	31,230,000,000	31,230,000,000

d) Share

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Number of shares registered for issuance	3,123,000	3,123,000
Number of shares sold to the public	3,123,000	3,123,000
- Common shares	3,123,000	3,123,000
- Preferred shares	-	-
Number of shares to be redeemed	-	-
- Common shares	-	-
- Preferred shares	-	-
Number of outstanding shares	3,123,000	3,123,000
- Common shares	3,123,000	3,123,000
- Preferred shares	-	-

Par value of outstanding shares: 10,000 VND

17. Off-balance sheet items

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Bad debt resolved	29,534,067	-

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

1. Revenue from sales and services

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Revenue from sales of merchandise	1,413,228,943,110	1,278,311,501,738
Revenue from provision of services	2,544,908,104	71,360,389,678
Total	1,415,773,851,214	1,349,671,891,416

Revenue from sales and provision of services to related parties: Refer to note VII.2.

2. Deductions from revenue

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Trade discounts	724,390,583	388,519,783
Total	724,390,583	388,519,783



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3. Net revenue from sales and services

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Net revenue from sales of merchandise	1,412,504,552,527	1,277,922,981,955
Net revenue from provision of services	2,544,908,104	71,360,389,678
Total	1,415,049,460,631	1,349,283,371,633

4. Cost of goods

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Cost of merchandise	1,330,494,961,577	1,219,020,902,181
Cost of service	912,726,444	24,458,824,640
Total	1,331,407,688,021	1,243,479,726,821

5. Financial income

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Interest on deposits and loans	5,295,677,494	6,128,078,249
Dividends and distributed profits	525,000,000	525,000,000
Total	5,820,677,494	6,653,078,249

6. Selling expenses and administrative expenses

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
a) Selling expenses	119,048,902,283	68,052,493,340
Employee expenses	23,329,587,604	12,277,757,912
Cost of raw materials, tools and equipment	18,517,140,485	-
Depreciation expense of fixed assets	654,623,019	375,544,062
Cost of hired services	66,233,512,420	48,942,278,993
Other costs	10,314,038,755	6,456,912,373
b) General administration expenses	22,796,639,320	22,488,974,078
Employee expenses	10,762,866,889	8,424,642,287
Cost of tools and supplies	-	46,249,394
Depreciation expense of fixed assets	1,346,847,358	1,115,555,089
Cost of hired services	5,576,485,218	8,703,576,682
Other costs	5,110,439,855	4,198,950,626

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7. Other income

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Asset liquidation	615,923,947	431,529,159
Income from sales support provided by Hanoi Beer Alcohol and Beverage Joint Stock Corporation for beer consumption	65,656,886,364	-
Other income	2,387,287,170	1,131,421,168
Total	68,660,097,481	1,562,950,327

8. Other expenses

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Administrative penalties, late tax payment	5,727,500	4,597,828
Total	5,727,500	4,597,828

9. Current corporate income tax expense

Corporate income tax payable by the Company is determined at a tax rate of 20% on taxable income.

The Company's tax finalization will be subject to inspection by the tax authorities. Due to the application of laws and tax regulations concerning various types of transactions, which may be interpreted in different ways, the tax amount presented in the financial statements may change based on the tax authorities' decision.

The estimated current corporate income tax of the Company is presented below:

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Total profit before tax	16,271,278,482	23,473,608,142
Adjustment to accounting profits to determine Company income taxable profit	(829,967,626)	(3,773,634,363)
- Increases	2,470,867,977	3,390,393,226
+ <i>Non-deductible expenses</i>	678,116,516	614,557,623
+ <i>Cost of keg repairs, vehicle and equipment maintenance, and office repairs</i>	1,792,751,461	2,775,835,603
- Decreases	3,300,835,603	7,164,027,589
+ <i>Dividends and distributed profits</i>	525,000,000	525,000,000
+ <i>Cost of keg repairs, vehicle and equipment maintenance, and office repairs</i>	2,775,835,603	6,639,027,589
Total taxable profits	15,441,310,856	19,699,973,779
Corporate income tax rate	20%	20%
Current corporate income tax expense this year	3,088,262,171	3,939,994,756
Corporate income tax expense collected from previous years	7,180,402	-
Current corporate income tax expenses	3,095,442,573	3,939,994,756

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Notes to the financial statements (continued)

10. Basic earnings, diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income or loss after tax, allocated to ordinary shareholders of the company (after the allocation of the reward and welfare fund), by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net income or loss after tax, allocated to ordinary shareholders of the company, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, plus the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued if all potentially dilutive common shares were converted into common shares.

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Profit after tax	12,979,219,080	18,760,974,989
Increases and decreases profit to determine profit and loss for common shares	(3,860,547,000)	(5,687,500,000)
- Increases	-	-
- Decreases	3,860,547,000	5,687,500,000
+ Deduction from welfare reward fund, Executive Board bonus (*)	3,860,547,000	5,687,500,000
Earnings used to calculate earnings per share	9,118,672,080	13,073,474,989
Number of weighted average of ordinary shares	3,123,000	3,123,000
Basic earnings per share (*)	2,920	4,186
Diluted earnings per share (*)	2,920	4,186

Note:

- (*) Deducted from the Reward and Welfare Fund, the Executive Board's bonus is part of the plan to allocate funds from the Reward and Welfare Fund for the Executive Board's bonus according to the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders 2025 dated April 22, 2025. The official value will be adjusted after approval by the General Meeting of Shareholders (if there are any discrepancies).

There are no potential dilutive common shares for the year or at the date of this report.

11. Cost by factor

	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Cost of raw materials, supplies, and tools	18,517,140,485	7,727,804,028
Labor costs	34,092,454,493	30,700,987,199
Fixed asset depreciation expense	2,914,196,821	3,018,496,953
Cost of hired services	71,809,997,638	62,897,140,879
Other costs	15,424,478,610	10,655,862,999
Total	142,758,268,047	115,000,292,058

VII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Subsequent events information

There are no significant events occurring after the date of the financial statements that require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

2. Information about related parties

2.1 List of related parties

Related parties	Relationship
Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation	Parent company
Habeco Commerce One Member Company Limited	Same parent company
Habeco Packaging Joint Stock Company	Same parent company
Hanoi Beer Trading Joint Stock Company – Hung Yen 89	Relationship

Key management personnel and related individuals include: Members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Management, Board of Supervisors, the Chief Accountant, and close family members of these individuals.

2.1 Transactions with related parties

During the year, the Company entered into transactions with related parties. The main transactions (excluding VAT) are as follows: *Unit: VND*

Related parties	Relationship	Current year	Previous year
Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation	Purchase of goods	1,318,913,355,000	1,204,255,982,550
	Rent of premises	3,128,637,600	3,128,637,600
	Exchange of defective products	731,085,750	748,999,000
	Repair broken keg	1,566,620,000	-
	Get sales support, promotional items	65,656,886,364	759,000,000
	Electricity and water bills	194,128,878	208,984,499
	Dividend Payment	5,621,400,000	5,621,400,000
Habeco Commerce One Member Company Limited	Purchase of goods	997,259,156	907,730,578
Habeco Packaging Joint Stock Company	Purchase of goods	1,352,700,000	-
Hanoi Beer Trading Joint Stock Company – Hung Yen 89	Dividends divided	525,000,000	525,000,000

As of the end of the accounting period, the outstanding amounts with related parties are as follow:

Related parties	Transaction details	Receivable/(payable) amount	
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
Hanoi Beer Alcohol And Beverage Joint Stock Corporation	Prepay for purchases	18,724,877,098	1,425,595,704
	Get sales support	39,910,237,800	-
Habeco Commerce One Member Company Limited	Prepay for purchases	641,997,455	438,022,847

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

Income of the Board of Directors, the Board of Management, Supervisory Board, and Chief Accountant during the year:

Full Name	Position	Current year VND	Previous year VND
Remuneration, salary of Board of Directors members			
Mr. Nguyen Manh Hung	Chairman	951,099,800	920,111,500
Mr. Nguyen Van Minh	Member	148,560,000	203,040,000
Mr. Tran Minh Tuan	Member	148,560,000	203,040,000
Remuneration, salary of supervisory board members			
Ms. Tran Phan Nguyet Minh	Head	68,000,000	200,879,500
Ms. Vu Thi Quyen	Member	59,800,000	88,800,000
Ms. Le Thu Trang	Member	59,800,000	88,800,000
Income of the Board of Management			
Mr. Nguyen Van Minh	Director	992,272,000	885,730,400
Mr. Nguyen Hai Quan	Deputy Director	638,887,600	710,968,200
Ms. Mai Thi Phuong Lien	Deputy Director	640,924,300	713,668,200
Mr. Bui Bao Ngoc	Deputy Director	650,903,400	707,230,400
Income of other key Management personnel			
Mr. Nguyen Cao Tuong	Chief Accountant	660,719,000	687,423,600

3. Segment reporting

Segment information is presented by business segment and geographic area. The primary segment reporting is by business segment, based on the Company's organizational structure, internal management, and internal financial reporting system.

Geographic area

The Company operates only within the territory of Vietnam, so it does not present segment reporting by geographic area.

Business segment

The Company's principal business activity is the production and sale of beer products. Accordingly, segment reporting by business activity is not presented.

4. Secured assets

As at 31 December 2025, the Company did not pledge any assets as collateral for other parties, nor did it hold any collateral assets on behalf of other entities.

5. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that partners will not perform its obligations under the provisions of a financial instrument or contract leading to financial losses. Company has credit risk from its business activities (primarily accounts receivable for customers) and from its own financial operations, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Account receivable: The management of customer credit risk based on Company policies, procedures and process control of the Company relating to the management of customers credit risk.

Customer receivables which are unpaid are regularly monitored. The analysis of the ability to be made redundant at the reporting date on the basis of each large customer. On this basis, Company does not have risk of credit concentration.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**Notes to the financial statements (continued)**

Bank deposits: Most bank deposits of Company shall be deposited at the prestigious banks in Vietnam. The Company found that concentrations of credit risk for bank deposits are low.

6. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Company has difficulty in complete the financial obligations due to lack of capital. Liquidity risk of the Company arises mainly due to mismatch in the maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Company manage liquidity risk through maintaining the ratio of cash and cash equivalents at the level that Board of Directors thought its sufficient to provide financial support for the business of Company and to minimize impact of changing cash flows.

Information maturities of financial liabilities of the Company based on the value without discounting payments under the contract as follows:

Unit: VND

	Under 01 year	From 01 year to 05 years	Total
Ending balance	137,992,932,002	-	137,992,932,002
Accounts payable	13,892,331,828	-	13,892,331,828
Advances from customers	6,444,838,691	-	6,444,838,691
Accrued expenses	2,853,463,074	-	2,853,463,074
Other payables	114,802,298,409	-	114,802,298,409
Beginning balance	132,640,996,131	-	132,640,996,131
Accounts payable	15,458,726,199	-	15,458,726,199
Advances from customers	10,121,452,365	-	10,121,452,365
Accrued expenses	3,052,411,810	-	3,052,411,810
Other payables	104,008,405,757	-	104,008,405,757

The Company believe that the risk level for payments to financial liabilities is low. The Company can settle their current portion of debts from operating cash flow and the gain from financial liabilities on due dates.

7. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value or future value of cash flows from financial instruments will fluctuate with changing of market prices. Market risk includes three types: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate with changes in the exchange rate.

Company management of exchange risks by considering the current market and expected the Company to plan for the future trading in foreign currency. Company monitored the risks to assets and financial liabilities in foreign currency.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes of market interest rates. The risk of changes in market interest rates of the Company primarily related to short-term deposits and loans.

The Company manages interest rate risk by closely monitoring market conditions relevant. by that Company will determine the appropriate interest rate policy for risk limited purpose Company.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

The Company does not perform a sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk because interest rate changes at the reporting date is not significant.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to market price changes, other than changes in interest rates and exchange rates

8. Information about going concern

During the year, there were no activities or events that significantly affected the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Company's financial statements are prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue to operate.

9. Comparative figures

The comparative figures are the figures in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2024, which have been audited by Nhan Tam Viet Auditing Company Limited.

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

Director



Vu Thi Kim Ngoc

Ha Noi, 09 March 2026



Nguyen Cao Tuong



Nguyen Van Minh

ANH H